

# Middle Park State School

# Student Code of Conduct

2020-2023

# Every student succeeding

Every student succeeding is the shared vision of Queensland state schools. Our vision shapes regional and school planning to ensure every student receives the support needed to belong to the school community, engage purposefully in learning and experience academic success.

Queensland Department of Education State Schools Strategy 2019-2023

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Date:	



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#### **Purpose**

Middle Park State School is committed to providing a respectful and disciplined learning environment for students and staff, where students have opportunities to become safe, caring learners who engage in quality learning experiences and acquire values supportive of their lifelong wellbeing.

The Middle Park State School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes used in our school to promote a productive, effective, whole-school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from everyone in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised, where all students are able to experience success as safe caring learners and staff can enjoy a safe workplace. Students are supported to self-regulate safe, caring and positive learning behaviours in order to be 'leaders of themselves'.

### **Learning and Behaviour Statement**

At Middle Park State School we enact our school motto, *Each To Succeed*. We believe that all students will reach their full potential. Middle Park State School will improve educational outcomes for all by setting high expectations, using data to inform teaching and learning and by fostering positive relationships. Our school community has identified the following school rules to teach and promote our high standards of responsible behaviour:

- Be safe
- Be caring
- Be a learner

These rules have been used in the development of Middle Park State School's Student Code of Conduct, with the aim of helping shape and build the skills of all our students to be confident, self-disciplined and kind young people. Our school staff believe that communication and positive connections with other people are the most valuable skills our communities need now and in the future.

Our Student Code of Conduct outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours and responding to inappropriate and unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan, shared expectations for student behaviour are documented so that they are accessible, visible and transparent to the whole school community, assisting Middle Park State School to create and maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment, where ALL school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understanding of their role in the teaching and learning process.

The Student Code of Conduct provides an overview of the school's local policies on use of mobile phones and other technology, temporary removal of student property and the approach to preventing and addressing incidents of bullying. It also details the steps school staff take to educate students about these policies and how students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours. Finally, it details the consequences that may apply when students breach the expected standards of behaviour, including the use of suspension or exclusion.

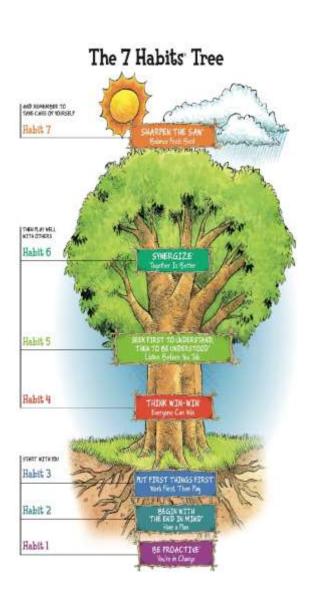
#### Student Wellbeing

Middle Park State School, in partnership with families, is committed to the development of children to become safe, caring learners who cultivate a strong work ethic.

We offer a range of programs and services to support the wellbeing of students in our school. Middle Park State School encourages parents and students to speak with their Class Teacher or make an appointment to meet with the Guidance Officer if they would like individual advice about accessing particular services.

Learning and wellbeing are inextricably linked — students learn best when their wellbeing is optimised, and they develop a strong sense of wellbeing when they experience success in learning. Leader in Me (LiM), developed by Stephen Covey, is a school-wide social-emotional learning process that builds emotional engagement, a strong sense of belonging, as well as positive student-teacher and student-student relationships. The LiM Program is based around Stephen Covey's 7 Habits. The process helps develop the essential life skills, knowledge and attutide students need in order to thrive in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.

Below is a synopsis of The 7 Habits. The 7 Habits Tree is a simple way to give an overview which highlights to students what is required to be the best 'leader of themself' they can be. It also provides educators with a consistent language to use when interacting with and teaching students.



The 7 Habits, Stephen Covey



The <u>Student Learning and Wellbeing Framework</u> further supports state schools with creating positive school cultures and embedding student wellbeing in all aspects of school life through connecting the learning environment, curriculum and pedagogy, policies, procedures and partnerships for learning and life.

#### **Curriculum and pedagogy**

Schools build the foundations for wellbeing and lifelong learning through curriculum embedding <u>personal</u> and <u>social capabilities</u> (self-awareness, self-management, social awareness and social management) in the implementation of the P–12 curriculum, assessment and reporting framework. Leader In Me is integrated into our school's core curriculum and everyday language to encourage self-leadership. Content from "The 7 Habits Of Highly Effective People" is a key component of the overall Leader In Me process. The 7 Habits is a synthesis of universal, timeless principles of personal and interpersonal effectiveness such as responsibility, vision, integrity, teamwork, collaboration and renewal, which are secular in nature and common to all cultures. Middle Park State School acknowledges the positive impact that a meaningful relationship between teacher and students can have on students' academic and social outcomes.

#### **Policy and expectations**

Within a school community there are specific health and wellbeing issues that need to be addressed for the whole school, specific students, or in certain circumstances.

#### Specialised health needs

Middle Park State School works closely with parents to ensure students with specialised health needs, including those requiring specialised health procedures, have access to a reasonable standard of support for their health needs whilst attending school or school-based activities. This means that appropriate health plans are developed and followed for students with specialised health needs, that staff are aware of the student's medical condition and that an appropriate number of staff have been trained to support the student's health condition.

#### Medications

Middle Park State School requires parent consent and medical authorisation to administer any medication (including over-the-counter medications) to students. For students requiring medication to be administered during school hours, the school can provide further information and relevant forms. For students with health conditions requiring medication, parents need to provide the school with a <u>Request to administer medication</u> <u>at school</u> form signed by the prescribing health practitioner.

Middle Park State School maintains a minimum of one adrenaline auto-injector and asthma reliever/puffer, stored in the school's first aid kit to provide emergency first aid medication if required.

#### **Student Support Network**

Middle Park State School is proud to have a comprehensive Student Support Network in place to help the social, emotional and physical wellbeing of every student. In addition to the assistance provided by Class Teachers, our school has a team of professionals whose dedicated roles are to help ensure our school is an inclusive, nurturing environment. Students can approach any school staff member at Middle Park State School to seek assistance or advice. If they are unable to assist they will provide guidance and help ensure the student is connected to the appropriate representative of the Student Support Network.

Parents who would like more information about the student support roles and responsibilities are invited to contact Administration either via email or phone.

Students at Middle Park State School are supported through positive reinforcement and a system of universal, targeted, and intensive behaviour supports by:

- Parents
- Teachers
- Support staff
- Administration staff
- Guidance Officer
- School Chaplain
- Student Support Services.

Support is also available through the following government and community agencies:

- Senior Guidance Officer
- Advising Visiting Teachers
- Disability Services Queensland
- Child and Youth Mental Health
- Queensland Health
- Department of Communities (Child Safety Services)
- Queensland Police Service (QPS)
- Local Council.

It is also important for students and parents to understand there are regional and state-wide support services also available to supplement the school network. These include Principal Advisor Student Protection, Mental Health Coach, Autism Coach, Inclusion Coach, , Advisory Visiting Teachers and Senior Guidance Officers. For more information about these services and their roles, please speak with Administration.

#### **Multi-Tiered Systems of Support**

Each year a small number of students at Middle Park State School are identified as needing additional behaviour support. In most cases the inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour may not be immediately regarded as severe. The frequency of their behaviours puts these students' learning and social success at risk. To support students, Middle Park State School uses multi-tiered systems of support known as *A Continuum of Support for All* (Appendix 1) as the foundation for our integrated approach to learning and behaviour. The Tiers of Support is a preventative, differentiated model grounded in practical strategies, targeted planning and data-informed decision-making. Based on a problem-solving model, school staff match increasingly intensive interventions to the identified needs of individual students.

#### **TIER ONE (Student and Class Teacher)**

Students attend their normal scheduled classes and activities with appropriate adjustments if required. These adjustments will be documented in a *Traffic Light Support Plan* (Appendix 10) and managed by the Class Teacher. These adjustments endeavour to increase daily opportunities to receive positive contact with adults, additional support from mentors and increased opportunities to receive positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviours.

#### **TIER TWO (Student, Class Teacher and Administration)**

This level of support is coordinated by a school-based team (Student Support Team) with active administrator support and staff involvement. Where the Traffic Light Plan is not effecting a positive change in the student's behaviour, the student is then referred to the Student Support Team for Tier Two support. This involves an Individual Positive Behaviour Support Plan in which the 'process' is managed by the Deputy Principal and the Class Teacher as the 'case manager'. The Individual Positive Behaviour Support Plan is a comprehensive plan that has a wrap-around approach involving support staff and programs that may be required in or out of the classroom.

#### TIER THREE (Administration, Guidance Officer, Inclusion Teacher and Class Teacher)

Where the Individual Positive Behaviour Support Plan is not effecting a positive change in the student's behaviour, the student will be referred to Tier Three support by the Student Support Team. When the student's behaviour indicates a need for specialised intervention, the school Guidance Officer and key staff will develop a more intensive Individual Positive Behaviour Support Plan that may require the involvement of outside support agencies.

Refer to A Continuum of Support For All (Appendix 1)

#### Whole School Approach to Discipline

Everyone brings their own sets of personal beliefs to a school community. These beliefs influence their decision-making, behaviour choices and social practices. It is reasonable to expect that not everyone will share the same set of beliefs, and this contributes to a richly diverse social environment in each school. It can also contribute to differences in expectations and provide us with an opportunity to reflect on our own understanding of what we consider as acceptable and unacceptable.

All areas of Middle Park State School are learning and teaching environments. Our school considers the Student Code of Conduct to be an opportunity for valuable social learning as well as a means of maximising the success of student learning programs. Middle Park State School encourages any student or parent to make an appointment with the Principal to discuss the model of behaviour support and discipline used at this school.

# Processes for Facilitating Standards of Positive Behaviour and Responding to Unacceptable Behaviour

#### **Universal Behaviour Support**

The first step in facilitating standards of positive behaviour is communicating those standards to all students. At Middle Park State School we emphasise the importance of directly teaching students the behaviours we want them to demonstrate at school. Communicating behavioural expectations is a form of universal behaviour support - a strategy directed towards all students designed to prevent inappropriate behaviour and provide a framework for responding to unacceptable behaviour. A set of behavioural expectations in specific settings has been attached to each of our three school rules (Appendix 8).

Middle Park State School implements the following proactive and preventative processes and strategies to support student behaviour:

- Whole school community is informed of school behaviour expectations via assemblies, emails, Middle Park State School Facebook page and our electronic sign
- School Leadership Team, Lighthouse Leader in Me Team and Student Support Team members regularly provide information to staff and parents, and all MPSS staff support each other by sharing successful practices
- Comprehensive induction programs are delivered outlining the 'Middle Park State School Student Code of Conduct' to new students and relief staff
- Staff participation in professional development programs addressing proactive and preventative processes and strategies in the area of positive behaviour support
- Individual Positive Behaviour Support Plans and Traffic Light Support Plans are developed with students, parents and relevant specialists (for those students who demonstrate repeated inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour). These provide a differentiated, personal framework of positive behaviour expectations and actions enabling staff to provide consistent strategies or adjustments across all learning environments
- Implementation of specific policies to address:
  - o the use of personal property technology devices at school
  - o procedures for preventing and responding to incidents of bullying
  - o procedures regarding the use of social media.

#### Reinforcing expected school behaviour

At Middle Park State School, communication of our key behaviour messages is supported through reinforcement, providing students with feedback for engaging in expected school behaviour. A formal recognition and monitoring system has been developed. This reinforcement system is designed to increase the quantity and quality of positive interactions between students and staff. All staff members are trained to give consistent and appropriate acknowledgement.

Middle Park State School Silence, Attention and Still (SAS) (Appendix 2)

This is a behaviour tool used to gain attention for instruction and/or direction.

#### School-Wide Positive Behaviour Processes

Staff are implementing a number of positive approaches to the support of school-wide positive behaviour processes. These include:

#### Within Classroom

- Class Teacher and students negotiate individual classroom reward systems at the beginning of each term/semester.
- "Bee Amazing" Award for one upper and one lower school class these are presented by the School Principal/Deputy Principal at assembly. This award acknowledges that many students in a class have been seen following school rules and behaviour expectations.
- "Safe Caring Learners" certificates (Appendix 3) are awarded by Class Teachers to students who
  demonstrate consistency in the fortnightly "Rule in the Spotlight". These certificates are presented on
  assemblies and also recorded on OneSchool.
- Gold Class assembly invitations are awarded to one student in each year level who is a good leader of themselves and does the right thing even when no one is watching.

• "Well Done" postcards are awarded by Class Teachers to students who demonstrate consistency across the three school rules.

#### Within the Playground

• Each staff member hands bee tokens to students they observe following school behaviour expectations in the playground. When students are given a bee token they place it in the class collection jar (beehive). The class, one upper and one lower school, with the largest number of tokens at the end of each fortnight is awarded the "Bee Amazing" Award by the Principal or Deputy Principal on assembly. This award acknowledges the students in the class who have been seen following school rules and behaviour expectations. The class who has been awarded the "Bee Amazing Award" will be presented with ice-blocks and will host the 'bee mascot' for the fortnight.

#### Responding to unacceptable behaviour

Students come to school to learn. Behaviour support represents an important opportunity for learning how to get along with others.

#### Re-directing low-level and infrequent problem behaviour

When a student exhibits low-level and infrequent problem behaviour, the first response of school staff members is to remind the student of expected school behaviour, then ask them to change their behaviour utilising one of The 7 Habits so that it aligns with our school's rules and expectations.

Our preferred way of re-directing low-level problem behaviour is to ask the student which habit they need to use, to act more safely, more carefully or be more of a learner. This encourages students to reflect on their own behaviour, evaluate it against expected school behaviour, and plan how to modify their behaviour to align with the expectations of our school community. This is represented through the *Classroom Traffic Light System* (Appendix 4).

#### Consequences for Inappropriate or Unacceptable Behaviour

Middle Park State School makes systematic efforts to prevent inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour by teaching and reinforcing expected behaviours on an ongoing basis through The 7 Habits and by supporting students to self-regulate by utilising the Classroom Traffic Light System. When behaviour incidents occur, it is important that consequences are predictable. Our school seeks to ensure that responses to inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour are consistent and proportionate to the nature of the behaviour.

An Office Referral (Appendix 6) is used to refer persistent or problem behaviour in the classroom when the Traffic Light System has not been successful in redirecting a student to self-correct their behaviour. The Office Referral may also be used in the playground for high level or unsafe behaviour. These incidents are recorded on OneSchool.

#### Minor and major behaviours

When responding to behaviour incidents, the staff member determines if the problem behaviour is minor or major (Minor or Major Incidents Appendix 7), with the following agreed understanding:

- Minor behaviour incidents are handled by staff members at point in time
- **Major** behaviour incidents are referred immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal.

#### Minor problem behaviours are those that:

- are minor breaches of the school rules
- do not seriously harm others or cause you to suspect that the student may be harmed
- do not violate the rights of others in any other serious way
- are not repeated or part of a pattern of inappropriate behaviours
- do not require involvement of specialist support staff or Administration.

#### **Minor** problem behaviours may result in the following consequences:

- a minor consequence logically connected to the inappropriate behaviour, such as complete removal from an activity or event for a specified period of time, partial removal (time away), individual meeting with the student, apology, restitution or detention for work completion
- a re-direction process where a staff member takes the student aside and:
  - names the behaviour that student is displaying
  - o asks the student to name expected school behaviour
  - o asks the student which habit/s they need to practise
  - o where necessary, helps guide the student to recongise the expected behaviour and habit/s to use
  - o states and explains expected school behaviour if necessary and which habit/s to use
  - o gives positive verbal acknowledgement for expected school behaviour and use of habits.

#### **Major** behaviours are those that:

- significantly violate the rights of others
- put others/self at risk of harm
- are repetitive minor behaviours
- require the involvement of Administration.

**Major** behaviours result in an immediate referral to the Principal or Deputy Principal because of their seriousness. When major unacceptable behaviour occurs, staff members calmly state the behaviour and remind the student of the expected school behaviour. If necessary, the student is escorted to the Administration building by the Principal or Deputy Principal. A report of the student's behaviour is recorded on an Office Referral and entered on OneSchool.

Major unacceptable behaviours may result in the following consequences:

- Level One: Time out, Reflection Room, Lunch Club (provided as an opportunity to develop social skills and friendships), loss of privilege, restitution, warning regarding future consequence for repeated or persistent inappropriate behaviour
- Level Two: Parent contact, referral to Guidance Officer, referral to Student Support Team, referral for specialist behaviour services, suspension from school
- **Level Three:** Students who engage in serious unacceptable behaviours such as major violent physical assault or the use/supply or possession of weapons (including knives) or drugs, may receive a Discipline Improvement Plan or a School Disciplinary Absence (suspension or proposal/recommendation for exclusion) as a consequence of unacceptable behaviour.

#### Relate inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour to expected school behaviours

When responding to inappropriate or unacceptable behaviours, staff members ensure that students understand the relationship of the behaviour to expected school behaviour.

One method that staff members might use to achieve this is to have students:

- articulate the relevant expected school behaviour (Middle Park State School Rules and Expectations)
- explain how their behaviour differs from expected school behaviour (Middle Park State School Rules and Expectations)
- describe the likely consequences if the problem behaviour continues
- student and teacher identify what the student will do to change their behaviour by utilising The 7 Habits to ensure alignment with expected school behaviour (Middle Park State School Rules and Expectations) (Appendix 8), and
- give positive verbal acknowledgment for expected behaviour.

Should an inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour be repeated, the staff member will ask the student:

#### **Restorative Questions**

- What happened?
- I did not follow the rule of?
- Was someone affected by my actions? How might they be feeling?
- What have I learnt?
- To be proactive, what will I do differently next time?

#### Ensuring consistent responses to inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour

At Middle Park State School, Deputy Principals and Inclusion Staff have been trained in Non-Violent Crisis Intervention (NCI) to help them understand the process of behaviour escalation. Staff are trained to intervene safely using verbal intervention strategies and personal safety techniques when behaviour becomes dangerous. Through training activities, staff work to ensure consistent responses to behaviour incidents across the school.

Students also receive training about how to respond, e.g. using the High Five (Appendix 9) when other students display inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour. The courteous way to respond when a staff member redirects a student's behaviour is taught and rehearsed to reduce the impact of peer engagement in the behaviour incident.

Student disciplinary absences (suspension and exclusion) may be used:

- in the event of a serious, one-off behaviour incident, or
- after consideration has been given to all other responses.

#### **Consideration of Individual Circumstances**

To ensure alignment with the *Code of School Behaviour* when applying consequences, the individual circumstances and actions of the student and the needs and rights of school community members are considered at all times.

Middle Park State School considers the individual circumstances of students when applying support and consequences by:

- promoting an environment which is responsive to the diverse needs of its students
- establishing procedures for applying fair, equitable and non-violent consequences for infringement of the Code, ranging from the least intrusive sanctions to the most stringent

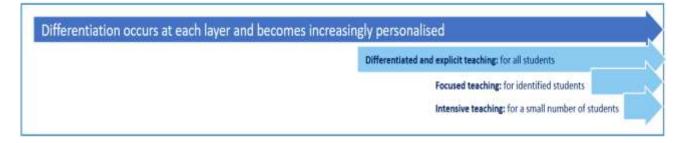
- recognising and taking into account information relevant to the students' age, gender, disability, cultural background, socio-economic situation, mental health and wellbeing, emotional state (such as individualised support plan or individual education plan), and
- recognising the rights of all students to:
  - o express opinions in an appropriate manner and at the appropriate time
  - work and learn in a safe environment regardless of their age, gender, disability, cultural background or socio-economic situation
  - o receive adjustments appropriate to their learning and/or impairment needs
  - provide written or verbal statements that will be taken into consideration in the decision-making process
  - ensure that process maintains the dignity, respect, privacy and confidentiality of the student, consistent with the rights of the rest of the community.

#### **Differentiated and Explicit Teaching**

Middle Park State School is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practice.

Teachers at Middle Park State School vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students.

There are three main layers to differentiation, as illustrated in the diagram below. This model is the same used for academic and behavioural differentiation.



These three layers map directly to the Continuum of Support for All (Appendix 1). Tier One is differentiated and explicit teaching for all students, Tier Two is focused teaching for identified students and Tier Three is intensive teaching for a small number of students. Each layer provides progressively more personalised supports for students.

Every classroom in our school uses the 'Middle Park State School Rules and Expectations' (Appendix 8), as a basis for developing behaviour standards. Using this matrix, the Class Teacher works with all students to explain exactly what each of the expectations look, sound and feel like in the classroom.

The matrix, on display in every classroom, is used as the basis of teaching expectations throughout the year and revisited regularly to address any new or emerging issues.

#### **Focused Teaching**

Approximately 15% of all students in any school or classroom may require additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. These students may have difficulty meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject. Focused teaching is provided to support students to achieve success.

Focused teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts or skills and using explicit structured teaching strategies. Focused teaching provides students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Support staff, including teachers with specialist expertise in learning, language or development, work collaboratively with Class Teachers at Middle Park State School to provide focused teaching. Focused teaching is aligned to The 7 Habits and Classroom Traffic Light System, and student progress is monitored by the Class Teacher/s to identify those who:

- no longer require the additional support
- require ongoing focused teaching
- require intensive teaching.

Middle Park State School has a range of Student Support staff in place to help arrange and deliver focused teaching to students who need more support to meet expectations. In addition, the school invests in the following evidence-informed programs to address specific skill development for some students:

- Leader in Me
- Fun Friends
- Friends for Life.

#### **Intensive Teaching**

Research evidence shows that even in an effective, well-functioning school there will always be approximately 5% of the student population who require intensive teaching to achieve behavioural expectations. Intensive teaching involves frequent and explicit instruction, with individuals or in small groups, to develop mastery of basic behavioural concepts, skills and knowledge.

Some students may require intensive teaching for a short period, for particular behaviour skills. Other students may require intensive teaching for a more prolonged period. Decisions about the approach will be made based on data collected from their teacher or teachers, and following consultation with the student's family.

For a small number of students who continue to display behaviours that are deemed complex and challenging, individualised, function-based behaviour assessment and support plans and multi-agency collaboration may be provided to support the student. This approach will seek to address the acute impact of barriers to learning and participation faced by students who are negotiating a number of complex personal issues.

Students who require intensive teaching will be assigned an individual mentor at the school who will oversee the coordination of their program, communicate with stakeholders and directly consult with the student.

# **Legislative Delegations**

#### Legislation

- Anti-Discrimination Act 1991 (Qld)
- Child Protection Act 1999 (Qld)
- Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992
- Commonwealth Disability Standards for Education 2005
- Criminal Code Act 1899 (Qld)
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2017
- Human Rights Act 2019 (Qld)
- Information Privacy Act 2009 (Qld)
- <u>Judicial Review Act 1991 (Qld)</u>
- Right to Information Act 2009 (Qld)
- Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 (Qld)
- Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011 (Qld)
- Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2011 (Cwth)

#### **Delegations**

Under the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006, state school Principals are responsible for "controlling and regulating student discipline in the school".

Principals are afforded a number of **non-delegable powers** to assist them to meet this obligation, including the authority to suspend, exclude or cancel the enrolment of a student at the school. These decision-making responsibilities cannot be delegated to other staff in the school, such as Deputy Principals.

The details of these responsibilities are outlined in the legislative instruments of delegation and instruments of authorisation provided below:

- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Director-General's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Minister's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Director-General's authorisations
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2006 Minister's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2017 Director-General's delegations

## **Disciplinary Consequences**

The disciplinary consequences model used at Middle Park State School follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class corrective feedback and rule reminders may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focused teaching, in-class corrective feedback and rule reminders continue to display low-level problem behaviour. A continued pattern of low-level behaviour can interfere with teaching and learning for the whole class, and a decision may be needed by the Class Teacher to refer the student to the school administration team immediately for determination of a disciplinary consequence.

For a small number of students, approximately 2% to 5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the Principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the Principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the problem behaviour.

The differentiated responses to problem behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

#### **School Disciplinary Absences**

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Middle Park State School, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 schools days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

#### Re-entry following suspension

Students who are suspended from Middle Park State School may be invited to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parent/s, back to the school. It is **not a time** to review the student's behaviour or the decision to suspend, the student has already received a punishment through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

It is not mandatory for the student or their parents to attend a re-entry meeting. It may be offered as a support for the student to assist in their successful re-engagement in school following suspension.

#### **Arrangements**

The invitation to attend the re-entry meeting will be communicated via telephone and in writing, usually via email. Re-entry meetings are short, taking less than 10 minutes, and kept small with only the Principal or their delegate attending with the student and their parent/s.

A record of the meeting is saved in OneSchool, under the Contact tab, including any notes or discussions occurring during the meeting.

#### Structure

The structure of the re-entry meeting should follow a set agenda, shared in advance with the student and their family. If additional items are raised for discussion, a separate arrangement should be made to meet with the parent/s at a later date and time. This meeting should be narrowly focused on making the student and their family feel welcomed back into the school community.

#### Possible agenda:

- Welcome back to school
- Check in on student wellbeing
- Discuss any recent changes to school routine or staffing
- Offer information about supports available (e.g. Guidance Officer)
- Set a date for follow-up
- Thank student and parent/s for attending
- Walk with student to classroom.

#### Reasonable adjustments

In planning the re-entry meeting, school staff will consider reasonable adjustments needed to support the attendance and engagement of the student. This includes selecting an appropriate and accessible meeting space, organising translation or interpretation services or supports (e.g. AUSLAN), provision of written and/or pictorial information and other relevant accommodations. The inclusion of support staff, or the Guidance Officer, may also offer important advice to ensure a successful outcome to the re-entry meeting.

#### **School Policies**

#### **Temporary Removal of Student Property**

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe, productive and supportive learning environment of the school, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all state school staff and students. The <u>Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure</u> outlines the processes, conditions and responsibilities for state school Principals and school staff when temporarily removing student property.

In determining what constitutes a reasonable time to retain student property, the Principal or state school staff will consider:

- the condition, nature or value of the property
- the circumstances in which the property was removed
- the safety of the student from whom the property was removed, other students or staff members
- good management, administration and control of the school.

The Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the QPS.

The following items are explicitly prohibited at Middle Park State School and will be removed if found in a student's possession:

- illegal items or weapons\*
- imitation guns or weapons
- potentially dangerous items (e.g. blades, rope)
- drugs\*\* (including tobacco)
- alcohol
- aerosol deodorants or cans (including spray paint)
- flammable solids or liquids (e.g. fire starters, mothballs, lighters)
- poisons (e.g. weed killer, insecticides)
- inappropriate or offensive material (e.g. racist literature, pornography, extremist propaganda).
- \* No knives of any type are allowed at school, or any item that can be used as a weapon.
- \*\* The administration of medications to students by school staff is only considered when a prescribing health practitioner has determined that it is necessary or when there is no other alternative in relation to the treatment of a specific health need. Schools require medical authorisation to administer any medication to students (including over-the-counter medications such as paracetamol or alternative medicines).

#### Responsibilities

#### Staff at Middle Park State School:

- do not require the student's consent to search school property such as desks or iPads that are supplied to the student through the school.
- may seize a student's bag where there is suspicion that the student has a dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, prior to seeking consent to search from a parent or calling the police.

- are able to examine or otherwise deal with the temporarily removed student property (consent from the student or parent is required). For example, staff who temporarily remove a mobile phone/iPad from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone/iPad or to read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone.
- may search a student's property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents (in emergency circumstances where it is necessary to).
- may search the person of a student with consent from the student or parent (e.g. pockets or shoes). If consent is not provided and a search is considered necessary, the police and the student's parents should be called to make such a determination.

#### Parents of students at Middle Park State School:

- ensure your children do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
  - is prohibited according to the Middle Park State School Student Code of Conduct
  - o is illegal
  - o puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
  - o does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
  - does not maintain and foster mutual respect
- collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the Principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.

#### Students of Middle Park State School:

- do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
  - is prohibited according to the Middle Park State School Code of Conduct
  - o is illegal
  - puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
  - o does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
  - o does not maintain and foster mutual respect
- collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the Principal or state school staff it is available for collection
- who have a personal technology device confiscated more than once will not be permitted to have a
  personal technology device at school for at least one month, or longer if deemed necessary by the
  Principal.

#### **Use of Mobile Phones and Other Devices by Students**

This policy reflects the importance the school places on students displaying courtesy, consideration and respect for others whenever they are using personal technology devices including but not limited to: iPads, laptops, game devices, mobile phones, smart watches, cameras and/or voice recording devices, iPods/MP3 players and devices of a similar nature.

At Middle Park State School students should meet the following expectations:

Be Safe	Carry device carefully			
	Have an appropriate cover			
	Keep device in bag to and from school			
	Report any breakages or problems to teachers immediately			
	Only access appropriate content			
	Use devices under supervision			
	Lock away devices when not in use during class time (at			
	breaks, before and after school)			
	Keep passwords safe			
	Get permission before posting online			
	Report any inappropriate content or interaction			
	Observe all cybersafety rules – see 5 P's – Protecting your			
	Digital Footprint			
	Use profile names or avatars that don't identify the user			
Be	Respect others' privacy			
Caring	Always ask for permission before filming or photographing others			
	Only post information and content about yourself or others that is positive			
	Care for equipment			
	Ensure shared technology is used appropriately			
Be a	Only use school approved apps/websites/programs			
Learner	Only use the device for the intended learning			
	Be a problem solver			
	(For BYOX classes) Make sure iPads are at school everyday and fully charged with the			
	correct apps installed			
	All message apps must be turned off at school			

#### Certain personal technology devices banned from school

Only students in our BYOX program are to bring these devices to school. Entry to this program is in accordance with the acceptable use policy for students and Memoranum Of Understanding for families.

#### Confiscation

Permitted personal technology devices (iPads) used contrary to this policy on school premises will be confiscated by school staff. They will be made available for collection from Administration at the end of the school day unless required to be kept for purposes of disciplinary investigation, when they will only be returned in the presence of a parent.

Devices potentially containing evidence of criminal offences may be reported to the police. In such cases police may take possession of such devices for investigation purposes and students and parents will be advised to contact QPS directly.

The Queensland Criminal Code contains several applicable sections for cyberbullying. Potential relevant criminal offences are:

- Unlawful stalking
- Computer hacking and misuse
- Possession of child exploitation material
- Involving a child in making child exploitation material
- Making child exploitation material
- Distribution of child exploitation material
- Criminal defamation.

There are significant penalties for these offences.

Middle Park State School strives to create positive environments for all students at all times of the day, including while online. To help in achieving this goal, Middle Park State School expects its students to engage in positive online behaviours.

#### Personal technology device etiquette

Students in Years 2 to 6 are invited to bring their own iPads to school for learning purposes. Bringing other personal technology devices to school is not encouraged by the school because of the potential for theft and general distraction and/or disruption associated with them. Smart watches, if worn, need to be turned to Aeroplane mode during school hours. Mobile phones or other devices apart from BYOX iPads must be signed in to the office before school and collected after school.

#### Recording voice and images

Every member of the school community should feel confident about participating fully and frankly in all aspects of school life without concern that their personal privacy is being compromised by them being recorded (video, audio and/or photo) without their knowledge or consent.

We uphold the value of trust and the right to privacy at Middle Park State School. Students using personal technology devices to record inappropriate behaviours or incidents (such as vandalism, fighting, bullying, staged fighting or pranks etc) for the purpose of dissemination among the student body or outside the school, by any means (including distribution by phone or internet posting) builds a culture of distrust and disharmony.

Students must not record images anywhere that recording would not reasonably be considered appropriate (e.g. in change rooms, toilets or any other place where a reasonable person would expect to be afforded privacy). Recording of events in class is not permitted unless express consent is provided by the Class Teacher.

A student at school who uses a personal technology device to record private conversations, ordinary school activities (apart from social functions like graduation ceremonies) or violent, illegal or embarrassing matter capable of bringing the school into public disrepute is considered to be in breach of this policy.

Even where consent is obtained for such recording, the school will not tolerate images or sound captured by personal technology devices on the school premises or elsewhere being disseminated to others, if it is done for the purpose of causing embarrassment to individuals or the school, for the purpose of bullying or harassment, including racial and sexual harassment, or where without such intent a reasonable person would conclude that such outcomes may or will occur.

Students may be subject to discipline (including suspension and recommendation for exclusion) if they breach the policy by being involved in recording and/or disseminating material (through text messaging, display, internet uploading or other means) or are knowingly the subject of such a recording.

Students should note that the recording or dissemination of images that are considered indecent (such as nudity or sexual acts involving children) are against the law and if detected by the school will result in a referral to QPS.

#### **Text communication**

The sending of text messages that contain obscene language and/or threats of violence may amount to bullying and or harassment or even stalking, and will subject the sender to discipline and possible referral to QPS. Students receiving such text messages at school or at home should ensure they keep the message as evidence and bring the matter to the attention of the Class Teacher or Deputy Principal as this impacts on the good order and management of the school.

#### **Assumption of cheating**

Personal technology devices may not be taken into or used by students at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by staff. Students may be asked to remove smart watches for the duration of assessment. Staff will assume students in possession of such devices during exams or assessments are cheating. Disciplinary action will be taken against any student who is caught using a personal technology device to cheat during exams or assessments.

#### Recording private conversations and the Invasion of Privacy Act 1971

It is important that all members of the school community understand that under the *Invasion of Privacy Act* 1971, 'a person is guilty of an offence against this Act if the person uses a listening device to overhear, record, monitor or listen to a private conversation'. It is also an offence under this Act for a person who has overheard, recorded, monitored or listened to a conversation to which s/he is not a party to publish or communicate the substance or meaning of the conversation to others.

Students need to understand that some conversations are private and therefore to overhear, record, monitor or listen to such private conversations may be in breach of this Act, unless consent to the recording is appropriately obtained.

#### Special circumstances arrangement

Students who require the use of a personal technology device in circumstances that would contravene this policy (for example to assist with a medical condition or other disability or for a special project) should negotiate a special circumstances arrangement with the Deputy Principal or Principal.

#### **Preventing and Responding to Bullying**

#### School policy for preventing and responding to incidents of bullying (including cyberbullying)

#### **Purpose**

Middle Park State School strives to create positive, supportive and consistently safe environments for all students at all times of the day. The disciplined and teaching environment that we are creating is essential to:

- achieving overall school improvement, including the effectiveness and efficiency of our student support procedures
- raising achievement and attendance
- promoting equality and diversity, and
- ensuring the safety and wellbeing of all members of the school community.

There is no place for bullying at Middle Park State School. Those who are bullied and those who bully are at risk of behavioural, emotional and academic problems. These outcomes are in direct contradiction to our school community's goals and efforts for supporting all students.

Bullying behaviours that will not be tolerated at Middle Park State School include name-calling, taunting, mocking, making offensive comments, kicking, hitting, pushing, taking belongings, inappropriate messaging or emailing, sending offensive or degrading images via devices, impersonating peers by setting up fake social media accounts, producing offensive graffiti, gossiping, excluding people from groups, and spreading hurtful and untruthful rumours.

#### Bullying may be related to:

- race, religion or culture
- disability
- appearance or health conditions
- sexual orientation
- sexist or sexual language
- children acting as carers, or
- children in care.

At Middle Park Sate School there is broad agreement among students, staff and parents that bullying is observable and measurable behaviour. When considering whether or not bullying has occurred, we will therefore avoid speculation on the intent of the behaviour, the power of individuals involved, or the frequency of its occurrence. Whether bullying behaviour is observed between students of equal or unequal power, whether it occurs once or several times, and whether or not the persons involved cite intimidation, revenge, or self-defence as a motive, the behaviour will be responded to in similar fashion, that is, as categorically unacceptable in the school community.

#### Rationale

Many bullying behaviours are peer-maintained through the actions of bystanders. That is, peers react to bullying in ways that may increase the likelihood of it occurring again in the future. Reactions include joining in, laughing, or simply standing and watching, rather than intervening to help the person being bullied. Whilst our school would never encourage students to place themselves at risk, our anti-bullying procedures involve teaching the entire school a set of safe and effective responses to all problem behaviour, including bullying, in such a way that those who bully are not socially reinforced for demonstrating it.

The anti-bullying procedures at Middle Park State School are an addition to our school-wide positive behaviour support processes. This means that all students are being explicitly taught the expected school behaviours and receiving high levels of social acknowledgement for doing so. Adding lessons on bullying and how to prevent and respond to it, is a subset of procedures that our students are already accustomed to.

#### Prevention

Attempting to address specific problem behaviours will not be successful if the general level of disruptive behaviour in all areas of our school is not kept to a low level. Therefore, our schoolwide universal behaviour support practices will be maintained at all times.

This will ensure that:

- Our universal behaviour support processes will always remain the primary strategy for preventing problem behaviour, including preventing the subset of bullying behaviour
- All students know the three school rules and have been taught the expected behaviours attached to each rule in all areas of the school
- All students have been or are being taught the specific routines in the non-classroom areas, from exiting the classroom, conducting themselves in accordance with the school expectations in the playground and other areas, to re-entering their classrooms
- All students are receiving high levels of positive reinforcement for demonstrating expected behaviours, including those associated with following our routines, from all staff in the non-classroom areas of the school, and
- A high level of quality active supervision is a permanent staff routine in the non-classroom areas. This
  means that duty staff members are easily identifiable and are constantly moving, scanning and
  positively interacting as they move through the designated supervision sectors of the non-classroom
  areas.

The school wide student curriculum includes 7 Habits anti-bullying education, cyberbullying education and the use of the High Five program. At all times simultaneous instruction is our goal in order to maintain consistency of skill acquisition across the school.

Research indicates that a common outcome of anti-bullying programming is an improvement in understanding of bullying but little change in the frequency or nature of actual bullying behaviour. One of the reasons cited for this outcome is the lack of behavioural rehearsal in the programming. The anti-bullying process at Middle Park State School takes care to combine knowledge with practice in a process of active learning, so that students understand by 'doing' as much as by 'knowing'.

Middle Park State School records inappropriate behaviour and uses behavioural data for decision-making. This data is entered into our database on a daily basis and can be recalled as summary reports at any time. This facility allows the school to track the effectiveness of its anti-bullying process, to make any necessary adjustments, and to identify specific bullying behaviours that may need to be revisited or revised in the instructional process.

#### **Appropriate Use of Social Media**

Middle Park State School embraces the amazing opportunities that technology and the internet provide to students for learning, being creative and socialising online. When used safely and at the appropriate age, technology can provide positive opportunities for social learning and development. However, inappropriate, or misguided use can lead to negative outcomes for the user and others.

Although social media use by students is prohibited during the school day, Middle Park State School is committed to promoting the responsible and positive use of social media sites and apps when working online at home.

As is set out in the school policy for preventing and responding to incidents of bullying (including cyberbullying), it is unacceptable for students to bully, harass or victimise another person whether within Middle Park State School grounds or while online. Inappropriate online behaviours can have a negative impact on student learning and the good order and management of Middle Park State School, whether those behaviours occur during or outside school hours.

This policy reflects the importance of students at Middle Park State School engaging in appropriate online behaviour.

#### Role of social media

Social media by its nature will result in the disclosure and sharing of personal information. By signing up for a social media account, users are providing their personal information.

Students need to remember that the internet is a free space and many social media sites and apps, like Twitter, have limited restrictions placed upon allowable content and regulated procedures for the removal of concerning posts.

Social media sites and apps are designed to share online content widely and rapidly. Once students place information and/or pictures online, they have little to no control over how that content is used. The internet reaches a global audience. Even if students think that comments or photos have been deleted, there can be archived records of the material that will continue to be searchable into the future. Inappropriate online behaviour has the potential to embarrass and affect students, others and the school for years to come.

Students of Middle Park State School are expected to engage in the appropriate use of social media. Specific examples of appropriate use of social media sites and apps include:

• Ensuring that personal information, such as full name, address, phone number, school name and location, or anyone else's personal information, is not shared.

- Thinking about what to say or post, and how it could be interpreted by others, before putting it online.
   Remember, once content is posted online you lose control over it. Students should not post content online that they would be uncomfortable saying or showing to their parent or shouting in a crowded room.
- Remembering that it can be difficult to work out whether messages typed on social media sites and apps are meant to be funny or sarcastic. Tone of voice and context is often lost which can lead to unintended consequences. If students think a message may be misinterpreted, they should be cautious and make the decision not to post it.
- Never provoking or engaging with another user who is displaying inappropriate or abusive behaviour.
  There is no need to respond to a cyberbully. Initially, students should take a screen capture of the
  concerning content before blocking the offending user and reporting the concern to the social media
  provider. Students should then report cyberbullying concerns to a parent and/or teacher to allow them
  to deal with the online concern.

If inappropriate online behaviour impacts on the good order and management of Middle Park State School, the school may impose disciplinary consequences for that behaviour regardless of whether the behaviour occurs during or outside of school hours. Disciplinary consequences could include suspension and/or exclusion. In serious cases of inappropriate online behaviour, the school may also make a report to the police for further investigation.

Middle Park State School will not become involved in concerns of cyberbullying or inappropriate online behaviour where the incident in question does not impact upon the good order and management of the school. Such an incident will be a matter for parents and/or police to resolve.

#### Laws and consequences of inappropriate online behaviour and cyberbullying

Inappropriate online behaviour may in certain circumstances constitute a criminal offence. Both the *Criminal Code Act 1995* (Cth) and the *Criminal Code Act 1899* (Qld) contain relevant provisions applicable to cyberbullying.

#### **Restrictive Practices**

Staff at Middle Park State School have a duty of care to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be de-escalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional state and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is a foreseeable risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use restrictive practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there are no less restrictive practices available for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's **Restrictive practices procedure** is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

- 1. Regard to the human rights of those students
- 2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
- 3. Ensures transparency and accountability
- 4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
- 5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
- 6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned. Staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/mechanical restraint/clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health needs and are recorded in advance.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation that poses an immediate foreseeable risk of harm to self or others. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such circumstances, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.

#### **Critical Incidents**

It is important that all staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond to emergency situations or critical incidents involving severe unacceptable behaviour. This consistency ensures that actions taken are responsive to the safety and wellbeing of students and staff.

An **emergency situation or critical incident** is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action.

**Severe unacceptable behaviour** is defined as behaviour of such intensity, frequency or duration that the physical safety and wellbeing of the student or others is likely to be placed at serious risk.

#### **Immediate Strategies**

Avoid escalating the unacceptable behaviour

Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.

#### Maintain calmness, respect and detachment

Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious, measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.

#### Approach the student in a non-threatening manner

Move slowly and deliberately toward the situation or incident, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates. If necessary contact Administration by phone or use of 'red card'.

#### Reinforcement and Correction Strategies

- If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity
- If the student continues with the unacceptable behaviour then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.

#### Follow Up Strategies

- Restore normal school operations as soon as possible
- Provide post-incident opportunities that include:
  - Assisting any distressed student/s to access appropriate support, eg counselling by trained personnel, contact with preferred personnel, safe areas, preferred activities
  - Assisting the individual student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations
  - Recording a reflection or Individual Learning Plan to assist the student to develop a personal framework of expectations and appropriate actions.

#### **Restrictive Practices**

Middle Park State School staff have a non-delegable duty of care to take reasonable action to prevent the risk of foreseeable harm to students, themselves and others.

#### The restrictive practices permitted under this procedure must only be used where:

- 1. The restrictive practice is reasonable in all the circumstances, and
- 2. There is no less restrictive measure available to respond to the behaviour in the cirumstances.

#### Conclusion

Middle Park State School staff are committed to ensuring every student is supported to feel safe, welcome and valued in our school. There may, however, be occasions where parents need to raise a concern or make a complaint about an issue they feel is adversely affecting their child's education.

All Queensland state schools are committed to ensuring that all complaints, whether they relate to a school staff member or a school's operations, are dealt with in a fair and equitable manner. As a parent or carer, you can express dissatisfaction with the service or action of the Department of Education or its staff, including decisions made or actions taken in a school and/or by the local regional office.

As a complainant, it is your responsibility to:

- give us a clear idea of the issue or concern and your desired solution
- provide all the relevant information when making the complaint
- understand that addressing a complaint can take time
- co-operate respectfully and understand that unreasonable, abusive, or disrespectful conduct will not be tolerated
- let us know if something changes, including if help is no longer needed.

#### The Department of Education may not proceed with your complaint if your conduct is unreasonable.

In most instances, staff members are told of complaints made about them and offered the right of reply. A complainant also has the right to have a support person throughout the process.

The following three-step approach assists parents and school staff in reaching an outcome that is in the best interests of the student:

1. **Early resolution**: discuss your complaint with the school

The best place to raise any concerns is at the point where the problem or issue arose. You can make an appointment at the school to discuss your complaint with your child's teacher or the Principal. You are also welcome to lodge your complaint in writing or over the phone. You can also make a complaint through <a href="QGov">QGov</a>.

Complaints may be lodged by telephone, in writing or in electronic format. Email addresses can be accessed through the schools directory.

- 2. Internal review: contact the local Regional Office
  - If, after taking the early resolution step, you are dissatisfied with the outcome of your complaint or how the complaint was handled, you can ask the local <u>regional office</u> to conduct a review. You need to submit a <u>Request for internal review form</u> within 28 days of receiving the complaint outcome.
- 3. **External review**: contact a review authority

If you are dissatisfied after the internal review, you may wish to contact a review authority, such as the Queensland Ombudsman, and request an independent, external review. More information about external review options is available at <a href="https://www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au">www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au</a>.

Some matters need to be handled in a different way to school matters and will be referred to other areas in the department. These include:

- issues about harm, or risk of harm, to a student attending a state school, which must be managed in accordance with the <u>Student protection procedure</u>
- complaints about corrupt conduct, public interest disclosures, or certain decisions made under legislation, which will be dealt with as outlined in the <a href="Excluded complaints factsheet">Excluded complaints factsheet</a>.

# APPENDIX 1: CONTINUUM OF SUPPORT FOR ALL

Tier Three Intensive Teaching  Of Support  For all sections and the control of th	<b>A</b>	Differentiated and Explicit Teaching	MPSS Plans
School leadership teamwork in consultation with Student Support Network address pensistent or ongoing serious problem behaviour. This may include.  Further Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies including regional specialists (if required)  Tier Two Focused Teaching  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include.  Further and several and statement of the staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include.  Further and several and debutefing  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include.  Further and several and debutefing  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include.  Further and parents and debutefing  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include.  Further and several and debutefing  Class Teacher is configurated and debutefing  Facher conditioning plan  Facher conditioning plan  Facher conditioning plan  Facher conditioning plan  Facher condition in small support the with a general agencies (if required)  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies to towieve to minor problem behaviour (not your external of the subdomination of students to process the staff of the staff or staff and in the proportiate behavior of the staff or staff and in staff or staff or staff or staff or staff or staff and in staff or st	•		Tier III
For all  Ter Two Focused Teaching  Terminal Two Focused Teaching  Teaching Separates  Teaching Se	continuum	School leadership teamwork in consultation with Student Support Network address persistent or ongoing serious problem	Tier III Individual Behaviour Plan     Mental Heath Plan
Tier Two Focused Teaching  Tier Two Focused Teaching  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  - Function to Be according and debriefing  - Tracefed skills teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  - Tracefed skills teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  - Tracefed skills teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  - Tracefed skills teacher to coaching and debriefing  - Staff-modicing paid  - Staff-mo	J	Denaviour, inis may include.  Functional Behaviour Assessment	Risk Management Plan     Mandistal Attendance Dian
Tier Two Focused Teaching  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  - Functional Behaviour Assessment - Targeder still teaching usual debriefing - Referral to Sulfach Support Network for team based problem solving - Self-motioning pain - Self-motion	or support	<ul> <li>Complex case management and review</li> <li>Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies including regional experialists if required.</li> </ul>	Leadership/Guidance Office/Inclusion Teacher to manage
Tier Two Focused Teaching  Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:  Enrichmal Behaviour Assessment  Targeted skills teaching in small group  Reflection room  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Reflection room  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Reflection room  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Reflection room  Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)  Class seacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the class practising of toughts yet and up students to self-regulate The classroom leacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the class practising of routines with question of submitted and visual cues (e.g. Plemember, walk quiety)  Your seat?  **Whole class practising of routines receive Beechdark (e.g. *Hand up when you want "Cedirection" to support the parameter of the propriet and parameters of the propr	for all		Instigate: Student Support     Develop: Relevant stakeholders     Implement Relevant staff     Manade: Principal to allocate
Tier One Universal  Tase and protection and system to state the control of specimen to the control of specimen to the control of the control		Tier Two Focused Teaching	TierII
Functional Behaviour Assessment  Targeted skills teaching in small group  Reflection room  Reflection		Class Teacher is supported by other staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:	Individual Positive Behaviour Support plan
** Reflection to coom  ** Reflection to cooking and debriefing  ** Reflection and debriefing  ** Reflection and debriefing  ** Reflection of Suident Support Network for team based problem solving  ** Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving  ** Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving  ** Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving  ** Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving  ** Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the class soom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom leacher provides:  ** Pre-correction legs. ** Remember, walk quietly to self-regulate. The classroom leacher provides:  ** Pre-correction legs. Remember, walk quietly to self-regulate in and visual cues (e.g. posters, hand "Revised seating plan and relocation of students to process "Corrective feedback (e.g. "Hand up when you want "Redirection"  ** Redirection for appropriate language problem solving and "Proximity control"  ** Provide positive choice of task order  ** Provide defined alonguage problems solving and expected behaviour  ** Provide positive choice of task order  ** Provide defined to task a prescription with student about expected behaviour  ** Provide posi	E	<ul> <li>Functional Behaviour Assessment</li> <li>Targeted skills teaching in small group</li> </ul>	Leadership to manage process
Tier One Universal  Class teacher coaching and debriefing  Tier one Universal  Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the classroom trafficiality sighem to help students to self-regulate. The classroom teacher provides.  Procured class practising of routines  Total a question?  The correction (e.g. 'Remember, walk quiety to student)  Total a question?  The classroom trafficiality sighem to help students to self-regulate. The classroom teacher provides.  The correction (e.g. 'Remember, walk quiety to student)  The correction of e.g. 'Remember, walk quiety to student)  The correction of e.g. 'Remember, walk quiety to student)  The correction of class practising of routines  The correction of the provides in class of the correction of students and note for individual instructions  The corrective beedback (e.g. 'Hand up when you want 'Redurection to ask a question')  The corrective beedback (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Redurection')  The correction of task order  The	4	Reflection room     Self monitoring vian	Classroom Teacher Case Manager
Tier One Universal  Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students or fine away in class. Provide semonary in class or the self-regulation strategies.  Teaching self-regulate or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the class force of task or time away in class. Teaching self-regulation strategies.	to School of the	Serination and debriefing     Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving	Instigate : Student Support  - Develop. Db. Inclusion Teacher (if SWD), Classroom Teacher. Student Support input
Tier One Universal  Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom teacher provides:  "Pre-correction (e.g. "Remember, walk quietty to "Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour (not student's posteries)  "Non-verbal and visual cues (e.g. posters, hand "Redirection or sak a question)  "Redirection of student's proportiate behaviour (not student's corrective feedback (e.g. "Hand up when you want "Redirection or ask a question)  "Corrective feedback (e.g. "Hand up when you want "Redirection or sak a question)  "Redirection of student's to process "So second 'take-up' time for students to process "Redirection or students to process "Redirection or students to process "Redirection or students to process "Provide demonstration of expected behaviour charge in the provide positive choice of task order "Provide demonstration of sexpected behaviour charge in the provide process or students to take a break or time away in class "Provide demonstration of sexpected behaviour be		<ul> <li>Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies (if required)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement: DP, Classroom Teacher, Inclusion Teacher (if required)</li> <li>Manage: DP</li> </ul>
behaviour. Teachers utilise the behaviour (not fstudent/s for appropriate uctions dent/s to process dent/s to process dent/s to process about expected	- August - A		Where the Traffic Light Support Plan is not affecting a positive change in the student's behaviour, the student is then referred to for Tier 3 support by the Student Support Team
behaviour. Teachers utilise the behaviour (not fstudent/s for appropriate for appropriate uctions dent/s to process dent/s to process dent/s about expected		Tier One Universal	Tier1
n behaviour. Teachers utilise the behaviour (not student/s for appropriate for appropriate lem solving and lem solving and about expected			Traffic Light Support Plan
walk quietly to Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour (not student).  Revised seating plan and relocation of student's "individual positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviour Redirection and tone for individual instructions.  The control of the cont		Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. Teachers utilise the classroom traffic light system to help students to self-regulate. The classroom teacher provides:	Classroom Behaviour Tracker
posters, hand "Revised seating plan and relocation of student/s "Individual positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviour TRedirection "Low voice and tone for individual instructions "One 30 second take-up' time for student/s to process instruction/s "Plick up your "struction/s Reduce verbal language, problem solving and "Wodel appropriate language, problem solving and "verbalise thinking process" "Provide demonstration of expected behaviour re away in class "Fraching self-regulation strategies our physical strategies our behavior beh		*Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour student)	Classroom Teacher to manage process and be Case Manager
ass practising of routines heraviour pressure reminocement for appropriate behaviour refereback (e.g. 'Hand up when you want 'Redirection uestion') "Town voice and tone for individual instructions (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Teaching and 'Model appropriate language (e.g. 'Pick up your instructions (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Teaching and 'Model appropriate language (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Pick up your 'Teaching and 'Model appropriate language (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Teaching and 'Model appropriate language (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Teaching and 'Model appropriate language (e.g. 'Pick up your 'Teaching and		posters, hand	- Instigate
*Low voice and tone for individual instructions *Low voice and tone for individual instruction? *Give 30 second 'take-up' time for student/s to process instruction/s instruction/s *Reduce verbal language *Reduce verbal language *Reduce verbal language *Reduce verbal language *Provide demonstration of expected behaviour *Treaching self-regulation strategies *Private discussion with student about expected behaviour		ass practising of routines	- Implement Manage
"Give 30 second "take-up" time for student/s to process "Pick up your instruction/s "Reduce verbal language "Reduce expropriate language, problem solving and verbalise thinking process "Provide demonstration of expected behaviour "Provide demonstration of expected behaviour "Provide demonstration of trategies "Private discussion with student about expected behaviour behaviour behaviour particles."		N.	Plan must be viewed and signed by Leadership and parent.
"Reduce verbal language iity control  "Model appropriate language, problem solving and "Model appropriate language, problem solving and verbalise thinking process "Provide demonstration of expected behaviour I student to take a break or time away in class "Private demonstration with student about expected "Private discussion with student about expected behaviour behaviour		"Pick up your	Where the Traffic Light Support Plan is not affecting a positive change in the
away in class			student's behaviour, the student is then referred to the Student Support. Leam for Tier 2 support.
*Provide demonstration of expected be *Teaching self-regulation strategies *Private discussion with student behaviour			6889
Private discussion with student behaviour		*Provide demonstration of expected be *Teaching self-regulation strategies	
		Private discussion with student behaviour	

# APPENDIX 2: SILENCE, ATTENTION AND STILL (SAS)

# SAS at Middle Park State School



At Middle Park State School we use a behaviour tool to gain attention ready for instruction/direction/refocus in ALL learning spaces.

#### It is called SAS!

Based on reward, no punitive measures - ask non-compliers to model or catch them moving and praise them for getting hands to lips/eyes on speaker/moving hands towards head/freezing etc



1st Click - Silence



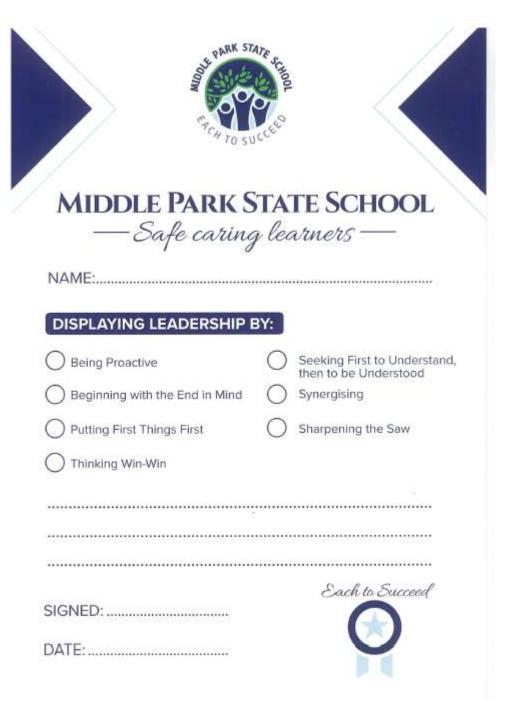
2<sup>nd</sup> Click - Attention - Eyes on Speaker



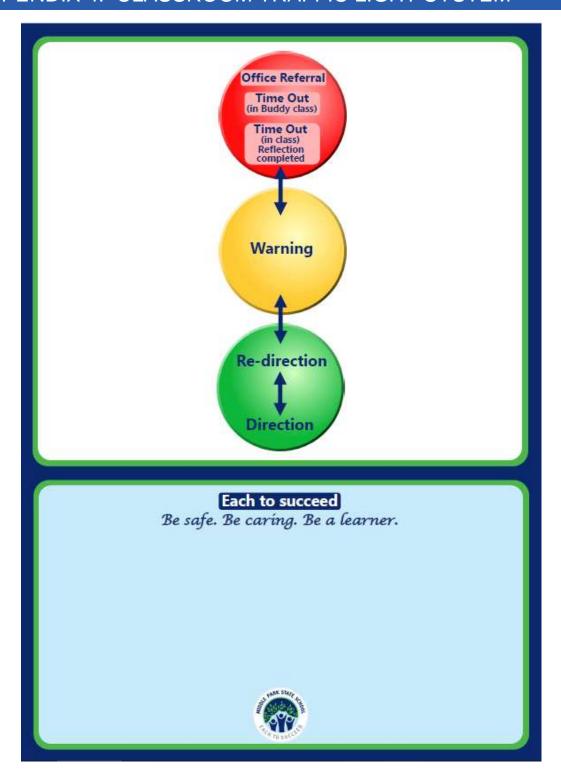
3<sup>rd</sup> Click - Still

100 % compliance, immediate REWARD!

# APPENDIX 3: SAFE CARING LEARNERS CERTIFICATE



# APPENDIX 4: CLASSROOM TRAFFIC LIGHT SYSTEM



All students start each session with their names at '*Each to Succeed*'. Teachers set behaviour expectation for the session, e.g. independent working time, small group work.

#### **Each to Succeed**

Postive learning behaviour, self regulation strategies and effective use of habits will be acknowledged. This also involves the explicit teaching of classroom and school expectations, routines and procedures. There is a common language and school-wide approach towards the management of student behaviour.

#### **Green light**

- When the student does not meet the expectation (e.g. talking inappropriately during independent work), the student's name will be moved from 'Each to Succeed' to 'Direction'. Students will be directed and prompted to think about their behavioural choices and how they can succeed.
- Teachers will pre-teach self-regulation strategies and classroom expectations to enable students to recognise when their behaviour requires checking. This will allow students to respond positively to verbal and non-verbal prompts of teachers.
- From here, the student's name will move up the traffic lights if behaviour choices continue to be inappropriate.
- When a child chooses not to meet the expectation again, the student's name will be moved to 'Redirection'.

#### Yellow light

- When the child chooses to not follow the 'Redirection', the student's name will be moved to 'Warning'.
   The student is reminded that the next step is time out and they need to be making better choices by following the school rules and demonstrating the desired behaviour.
- At this stage, teachers will endeavour to recognise reasons for the student's behaviour at that
  particular time of the day and help students to use self-regulation strategies to turn their behaviour
  around.

#### **Red light**

- When the child chooses not to follow the 'Warning', the student's name will be moved to 'Time out (in class)'. The student is directed to the time out area where he/she is given a reflection sheet to be completed. (Reflection Sheet, Appendix 5).
- When the child has returned from class time out and is again non-compliant, the student's name will be moved to the red step card 'Time out (in behaviour buddy class)'.
- The classroom teacher contacts the buddy class teacher and alerts them that the student will be sent to their class where he/she is given further reflection time (thinking) guided by the five questions displayed at their time out place. "What were you doing? What should you be doing? How have my actions affected others? To be proactive, what will I do differently?".
- Further refusal to meet behaviour expectation will result in an Office Referral either by the 'behaviour buddy Class Teacher' or the Class Teacher.

#### Office referral

Owing to continued and escalating behaviour the student has now been referred to the office. The teacher will phone the Principal/Deputy Principal and the student will be sent to the office with a completed office referral at the earliest convenience.

#### If a student chooses to follow directions and modifies behaviour

The traffic light process also recognises a student demonstrating a positive attitude, this results in the teacher directing a student **back down** the traffic lights when good choices are made, with the aim that the student will return to '**Each To Succeed**'. In taking this step, the teacher has the opportunity to give positive feedback and the student has control over the choices they make.

# APPENDIX 5: REFLECTION SHEET YEARS PREP TO 2

Ð	MIDDLE PARK STATE SCHOOL	ATE SCHOOL
Playground/Classroc	Playground/Classroom Reflection Sheet: Student's full Name:	full Name:
Dear	Date	Class:
This is what I did. ⊗×	This is	This is what I should have done.
Teacher's Comment:		
I did not follow the rules of	Jo sa	
This is how I will behave from now on: I will	ve from now on: I will	
Behaviour indicator box. I am sorry and		Dear Mun, Dol or Casepren, Could you place to indicate you have seen and discussed that with your child swham at concernor an your child's take home folden. Thank you.
☐ I should keep my hands and feet to myself	yelf	1. Fronc.
☐ When a teacher talks to me, I should look, listen and follow their directions	ook, listen and follow their directions	2. Referring Teacher's Signature. 3. Devery Principal's Signature.
☐ I should be in the right place.		
<ul> <li>I should be kind to others. I should treat them as I would like to be treated.</li> </ul>	at them as I would like to be treated.	
I should look after school and other people's belongings.	opie s belongings.	Parent's Signature.
<ul> <li>I should move around the school safety.</li> </ul>		

# APPENDIX 5: REFLECTION SHEET YEARS 3 TO 6

#### Middle Park State School

Mrs Anne Kitchin(Principal)	Cnr Sumn	ers Rd & Macfarlane St, Middle Park Q 4074
Mrs Fiona Graham(Deputy Principal)	PARK STATE	School Phone: (07) 3712 9888
Mrs Sharon Brand(Deputy Principal)	( <b>** ** **</b> ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	Email: admin@middleparkss.eq.edu.au
Mrs Dee Jefferd(Business Manager)	Ver ro suite	
PLAYGROUND REFLECTION SHEET		
CLASSROOM REFLECTION SHEET		
NAME:	DATE:	CLASS:
What happened?		
I did not follow the rule of		
Was someone affected by my actions? How	might they be feeling?	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>3 , 3</b>	
My Plan:		
What have I learnt? To be proactive, what w	vill I do differently next time	?
SIGNED		
SIGNED:		
1. Referring Teacher	2. <b>Princip</b>	al:
3. Sighted by Class Teacher:		arent:
<del></del>		

# APPENDIX 6: OFFICE REFERRAL



# Middle Park State School

# Office Referral

Student		Class	D	)ate
Referred by	1.00 302 500		- 0	1 Major
Session	☐ Before school ☐ 1 <sup>st</sup> break ☐ 2 <sup>st</sup> break ☐ After school	☐ 1 <sup>st</sup> sessio ☐ 2 <sup>nd</sup> sessio ☐ 3 <sup>st</sup> sessio ☐ Other	on	Lesson or Event
Location	Playground Area     Eating Area     Classroom     Library     IMPACT Room     Toilets	1.7000000	3	☐ Hall ☐ School Office ☐ Outside of school grounds ☐ Other
B <u>ehaviour</u>	□ Bullying & Harassment □ Defiant/threat/s to adu □ Disruptive □ Dress code □ Threats □ IT Misconduct □ Lying/Cheating □ Misconduct involving of □ Non-compliant with rou □ Other conduct prejudice order and management	bject itine ial to good	☐ Possess ☐ Property ☐ Refusal instructi ☐ Substan	ice misconduct inor referral s to others skip class
Witnesses	Staff	Student	M = C	Other
Incident Details	☐ Be Safe	☐ Be Caring	3	☐ Be a Learner
Observed behaviour     Who or what behaviour was directed towards     Action taken to deescalate	Details			
Previous Management	☐ Time out in class ☐ Buddy class ☐ Classroom reflection sheet ☐ Parent meeting	□ Natural o □ Withdrav playgrou □ Verbal w □ Playgrou	nd arning	☐ Reflection room ☐ Discussion with parent ☐ Time out admin ☐ Restorative justice ☐ SEP intervention
Leadership Team Response/Strategy	□ Contact parents     □ Student collected by parents     □ SEP intervention	☐ Reflection☐ IMPACT☐ Time out	room	☐ Restorative justice ☐ Suspension ☐ Natural consequence

# APPENDIX 7: MINOR AND MAJOR BEHAVIOUR INCIDENTS

The following table outlines examples of minor and major behaviour incidents \*

	Area	Minor	Major
			7
	Movement around school	<ul> <li>Running on concrete or around buildings</li> <li>Running in stairwells</li> <li>Not walking bike in school grounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leaving class group</li> </ul>
	Play	<ul> <li>Incorrect use of equipment</li> <li>Not playing school approved games</li> <li>Playing in toilets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Throwing objects with the intent to harm others or property</li> <li>Possession of weapons</li> </ul>
	Physical contact	<ul> <li>Minor physical contact (eg pushing and shoving)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Serious physical aggression</li><li>Fighting</li></ul>
	Correct attire	<ul><li>Not wearing a hat in playground</li><li>Not wearing shoes outside</li></ul>	
	Rubbish	Littering	
Be Safe	Other		<ul> <li>Weapons including knives and any other item which could be considered a weapon being taken to school</li> <li>Inappropriate use of personal technology devices or social networking sites which impacts on the good order and management of the school</li> </ul>
	Be inclusive	<ul> <li>Excluding students from games</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Repeated bullying</li><li>Racial language or actions</li></ul>
	Follow instructions	<ul> <li>Low intensity failure to respond to adult request</li> <li>Non-compliance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Non-compliance when safety cannot be guaranteed</li> </ul>
	Accept outcomes for behaviour	<ul> <li>Minor dishonesty</li> </ul>	Major dishonesty that impacts on others
	Mobile phone or personal technology devices	<ul> <li>Holding of mobile phones by a student or switching it on in any part of the school at any time, unless part of a medical device (permission must be held in this instance)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use of a mobile phone in any part of the school for voicemail, email, text messaging or filming purposes without authorisation</li> <li>Inappropriate use of personal technology devices or social networking sites, which impacts on the good order and management of the school</li> </ul>
Be Caring	Language	<ul> <li>Inappropriate language (written/verbal)</li> <li>Calling out</li> <li>Poor attitude</li> <li>Disrespectful tone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Offensive language</li> <li>Aggressive language</li> <li>Verbal abuse/directed profanity</li> </ul>
	Class tasks	<ul><li>Task avoidance</li><li>Work refusal</li></ul>	
	Being in the right place	<ul> <li>Not being punctual (eg lateness after breaks)</li> <li>Not in the right place at the right time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Leaving class without permission (out of sight)</li> <li>Leaving school without permission</li> </ul>
	Property	<ul> <li>Petty theft</li> <li>Lack of care for the environment</li> </ul>	Stealing/major theft     Wilful property damage     Vandalism
Be A Learner	Others	<ul> <li>Not playing fairly</li> <li>Minor disruption to class</li> <li>Minor defiance</li> <li>Minor bullying/victimisation/harassment</li> </ul>	Major bullying     Major disruption to class     Blatant disrespect     Major defiance     Inappropriate use of personal technology devices or social networking sites, which impacts on the good order and management of the school

<sup>\*</sup>Please note that this is not an exhaustive list. Other behaivours will be dealt with as appropriate.

# APPENDIX 8: RULES AND EXPECTATIONS

# Middle Park School Rules and Expectations

	Be proactive	Begin with the end in mind	Put first things first	Think win-win	Seek first to understand then to be understood	Synergise – together is better	Sharpen the saw
Statements	I take initiative I have a 'can do' attitude I do the right thing without being asked I choose my actions, attitude and moods I do not biame others for my wrong actions	I plan ahead and set goals     I do meaningful things and make a difference     I contribute to the success of my classroom     I think about the positive and negative consequences of my actions	I spend time on the most important things, set priorities and follow my plan I say no to things ! should not do I am prepared and organised I stay focused and regroup if I need to	I have courage to go after what I want     I am considerate of what others want     I look for solutions when there is conflict     I do kind things	I care about other people's feelings     I try to see things from others viewpoints     I flaten to others without interrupting     I share my opinions and ideas	I learn from others     I walse others' strengths     I get along with people different from me     I work well in groups	I stay safe and take care of my body  I find meaningful ways to help others and be a good leader  I learn from many places, not just in school  I build good relationships with others.
				School Rules			
Be safe	Be in the right place at the right time Only play on the playground when supervised by a teacher Ask permission to leave the classroom Before school, sit quietly in the Lower Under Cover Area and move to class as 8:3dam Prep students are to be supervised by parents or an older skilling before school until classes open at 8:45am in the Prep Area	Follow instructions immediately     Keep passwords safe at all times     Wear the correct lanyard when you are leaving the classroom     Only post appropriate     Only post appropriate     Only and inside school grounds until collected	Keep iPads in bags when travelling to and from school     Participate in approved online sites and educational games only	Walk around the school quietly     Keep passageways clear at all times     Walk bikes and scooters around the school grounds around the school grounds. Keep your hands, feet and objects to yourse!	Keep your hands, feet and objects to yourself	Line up outside the classroom     Enter and exit the classroom in an orderly manner	Wear shoes and socks at all times.     Be sun-safe, wear a hat     Use handralls and stairs appropriately     Wash hands     Use equipment safely     Walk on the concrete
Be caring	Be honest	Care for the environment     Put things away after using them     Clean up after yourself     Care for all equipment	Be courteous online	Play fairly – invite others to join in, take turns and follow rules.     Return spots equipment.     Respect others rights to use online resources free from interference or builtying.     Respect other people's personal space, privacy and property.	Use respectful and polite inguage     Be a good listener	Wait your turn     Weat the school uniform at all times     Use recycling bins     Care for the environment	Participate in school approved games only
Be a learner	Whole body listening at all times	Be prepared for lessons     Use the tollet at breaks and keep class time for learning     Follow instructions immediately	Complete set tasks     Keep work space tidy     Be on time to school and class	Be a problem solver     Respect the teacher's right to teach and students' right to learn	Raise your hand to speak     Talk in turns	Take an active role in classroom activities	Obey all safety rules



# APPENDIX 10: TRAFFIC LIGHT SUPPORT PLAN



# TRAFFIC LIGHT SUPPORT PLAN Tier 1 MPSS Plan

Student Name:

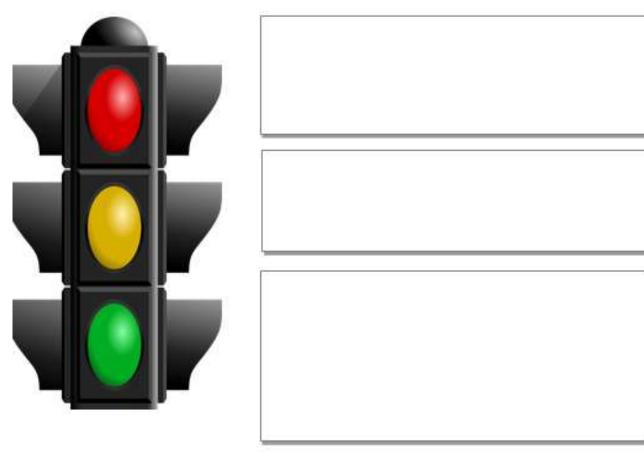
Teacher:

My Goals:

1.

2.

3.



Student	Parent	
Teacher	Principal/Deputy Principal	
Date	Review Date	